

Unit 5

Unit 6

Unit 7

Unit 8

JOURNALING

PRACTICING

VISIONING

DRAFTING

COACHING

REFLECTING

JOURNALING

PRACTICING

VISIONING

DRAFTING

COACHING

REFLECTING

JOURNALING

PRACTICING

VISIONING

DRAFTING

COACHING

REFLECTING

PRACTICE TEXT

Walking at night, vampire bats and flying foxes scare many people. These nocturnal, furry, winged creatures love the dark with funny little faces and often seem to appear out of nowhere. Though both types of bat usually pose little danger to humans, one type can interrupt nighttime dreams and become someone's nightmare.

JOURNALING

Where a person lives determines which, if either, of these bats might be seen. Vampire

bats are found from Mexico to South America, including Chile, Argentina, and islands of

PRACTICING

Margarita and Trinidad near Venezuela. They live in a variety of settings, some dry and

VISIONING

some humid, in both forests and open areas. They may be found in caves, mines, old wells,

hollow trees, and abandoned buildings. Flying foxes, live on entirely different continents.

DRAFTING

These largest bats are found in the tropical jungles of Asia, Australia, and some islands off the

COACHING

coast of Africa in the world. Where flying foxes fill the night skies, do not fear a bat-related

nightmare.

REFLECTING

Flying foxes do not feed on flesh. They get nourished by the nectar, pollen, blossom,

and fruit of tropical plants. They can over forty miles travel to feed. Sometimes a large group

of these bats can endanger crops by eating from an orchard tons of fruit. Flying foxes may sink

their teeth into a mango, but they generally leave mankind alone.

Vampire bats, on the other hand, feed only on a liquid diet: blood. Although their

prey is usually mammals or birds, it occasionally includes human beings. These bats have

on their noses thermoreceptors that enable them close to a prey's skin to locate blood flow.

While sleeping, vampire bats use their razor sharp teeth to shave the hair off their prey and then sink their teeth into the skin. The bite cuts a blood vessel, and the bat laps the blood that

flows. A special anti-clotting factor allows vampire bats in their saliva to feed for a long time.

It prevents the wound from healing, so the blood continues to flow. While this sounds awful,

some medicines actually use the saliva of vampire bats to help fight in human beings blood

clots and strokes.

Although they are both bats, flying foxes and vampire bats are very different animals.

Which one on a dark night would you like to meet?

JOURNALING

PRACTICING

VISIONING

DRAFTING

COACHING

REFLECTING

SEEING

JOURNALING

PRACTICING

VISIONING

DRAFTING

COACHING

REFLECTING

SKETCHING



JOURNALING

PRACTICING

VISIONING

DRAFTING

COACHING

SHAPING

SLANT



CENTRAL QUESTION

REFLECTING

VISION STATEMENT



MY WRITING: What's Working

MY QUESTIONS

JOURNALING

PRACTICING

VISIONING

MY TEACHER'S THOUGHTS

MY IMPROVEMENT PLAN

DRAFTING

COACHING

REFLECTING

MY WRITING: What's Working

MY QUESTIONS

JOURNALING

PRACTICING

VISIONING

MY TEACHER'S THOUGHTS

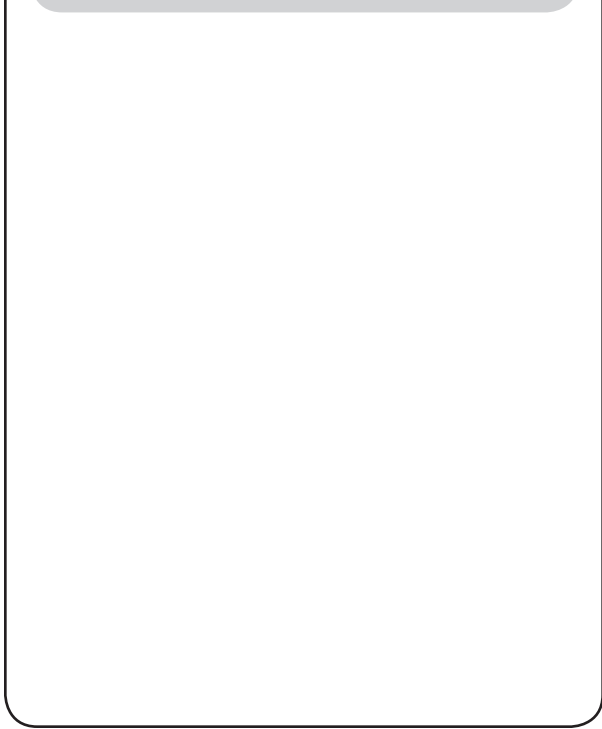
MY IMPROVEMENT PLAN

DRAFTING

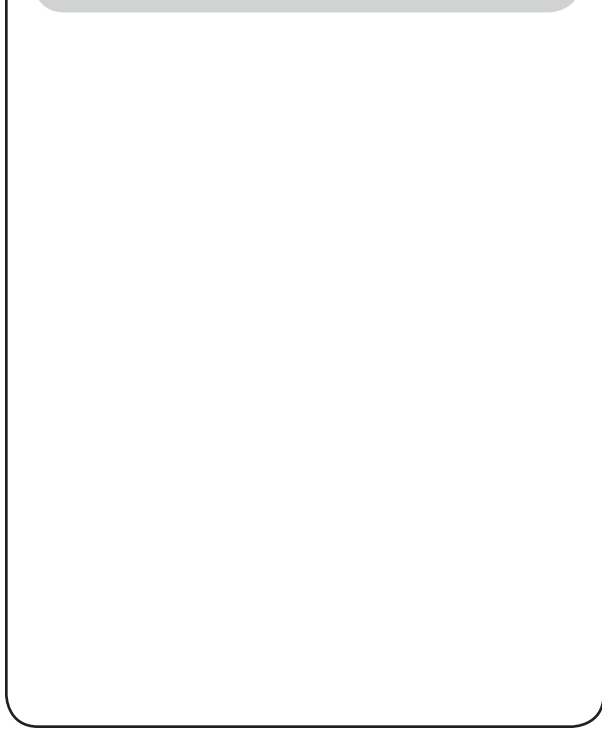
COACHING

REFLECTING

MY WRITING: What's Working



MY QUESTIONS

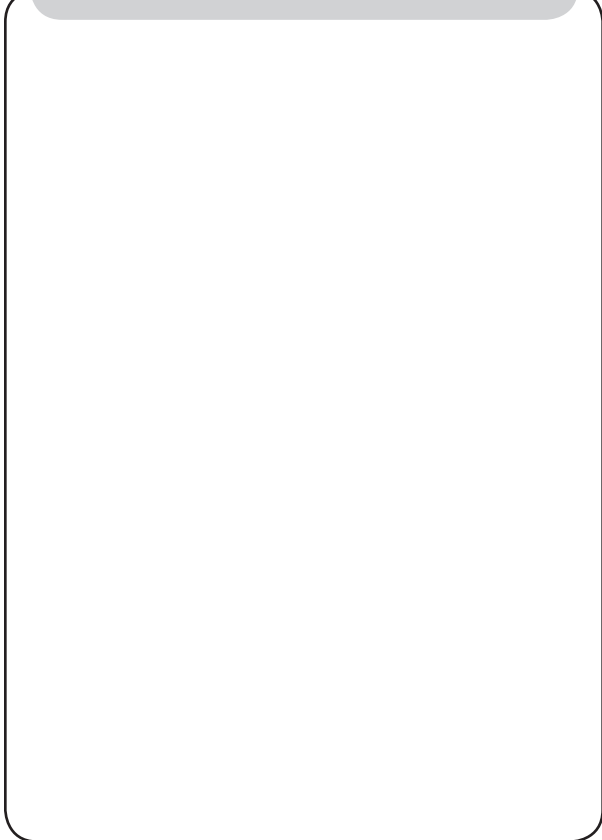


JOURNALING

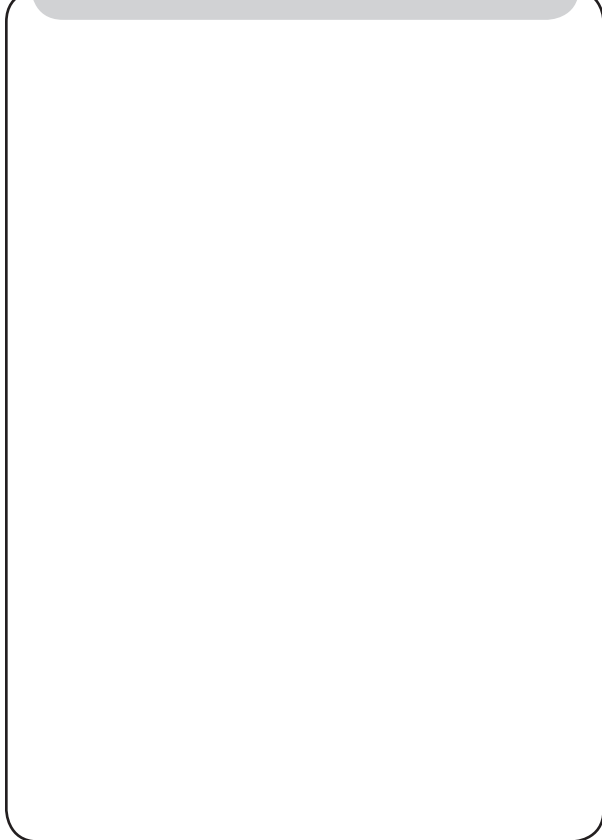
PRACTICING

VISIONING

MY TEACHER'S THOUGHTS



MY IMPROVEMENT PLAN



DRAFTING

COACHING

REFLECTING

MY WRITING: What's Working

MY QUESTIONS

JOURNALING

PRACTICING

VISIONING

MY TEACHER'S THOUGHTS

MY IMPROVEMENT PLAN

DRAFTING

COACHING

REFLECTING

JOURNALING

PRACTICING

VISIONING

DRAFTING

COACHING

REFLECTING